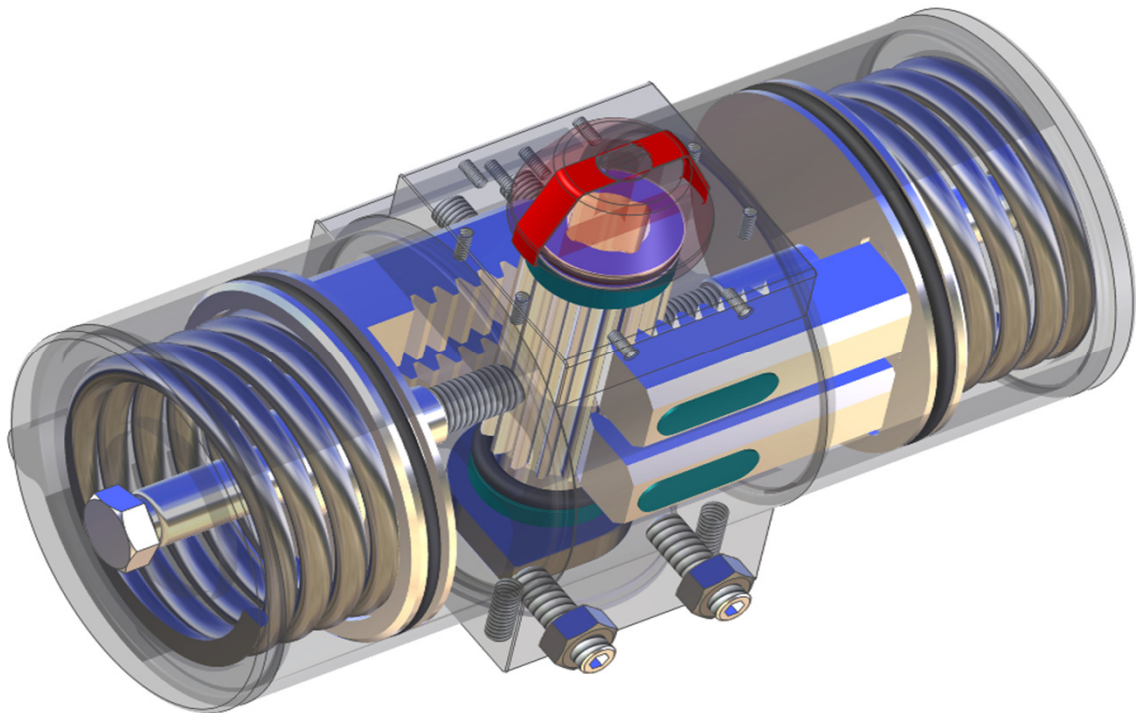


BA 1.1 - MRL

Pneumatic Actuators

Type MIG-KS-xx-D (double acting)

Type MIG-KS-xx-S (single acting)



**Installation and assembly instructions
with operating manual and technical appendix**

According to the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

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A) General

A1 Explanation of symbols

Advice is identified in this operating manual with the following symbols:

	<p>Danger / Warning ... refers to a direct dangerous situation that can lead to death or serious injury to persons if it is not avoided.</p>
	<p>Advice ... refers to an instruction, which must be observed.</p>
	<p>Information ... provides useful tips and recommendations</p>

A2 Intended use

Pneumatic actuator type MIG-KS-xx-D (double action) and type MIG-KS-xx-S (single action) are intended for the following:

- ° Operation after connection of the solenoid valve to a control unit provided by the system
- ° Use with a gaseous control medium (generally compressed air) with control pressure according to the type label
- ° Ambient conditions between -20°C and +80°C (standard), or between -40°C and +140°C (special versions)
- ° For type MIG-KS-xx-D with a double action function, and type MIG-KS-xx-S with the "fail safe" function spring opening or spring closing
- ° To actuate fittings with a 90° pivoting motion (e.g. flaps and ball valves) with the electrical signals from the above-mentioned control unit in the positions <OPEN> and <CLOSED>.
- ° A correctly connected actuator must generally closed in a clockwise direction (when looking at the drive shaft on the fitting) and open in the opposite direction.

The output torque and characteristic curve of the actuator - refer to technical appendix - must be adapted to the fitting and the visual display must correctly shown the position of the fitting.

The compressed air must be filtered with a 40Pm mesh width (ISO 8573-1, class 5) to protect the solenoid valve.


An (optionally) installed assembly unit "position alarm" on the actuator serves the purpose of signalling the actuator position to the control unit on the system.

An (optionally) installed assembly unit "position transmitter" on the actuator serves the purpose of driving to intermediate positions on the fitting between <OPEN> and <CLOSED> and signalling this to the control unit on the system.

The actuator may only be taken into operation after observation of the following documents.

- ° The <manufacturer declarations on EC guidelines> included in the delivery
- ° This KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG assembly manual (included with delivery)

The safety advice in sections B1 and C1 must be observed when assembling and operating the actuator.

	<p>Which connection plan is used depends on the intended use of the fitting and, for actuators with a "fail safe" function, the type of spring assembly on the actuator: the decision must be made by the planner/person ordering the actuator and selected accordingly. Refer to section B4 for standard connection plans for specific applications.</p>
---	---

Note 1:

This manual is valid, preferably together with the instructions for the fitting, which the actuator is assembled on - the manual for this fitting should be followed as a priority.

Note 2:

The ordering party is responsible for allocating an individually supplied actuator to the fitting. Appendix B of the construction norm EN15714 - 3 provides advice.

A3 Deviating use

In consultation with the manufacturer KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG, the actuator can also be operated with media other than compressed air.

A4 Identification of the actuator

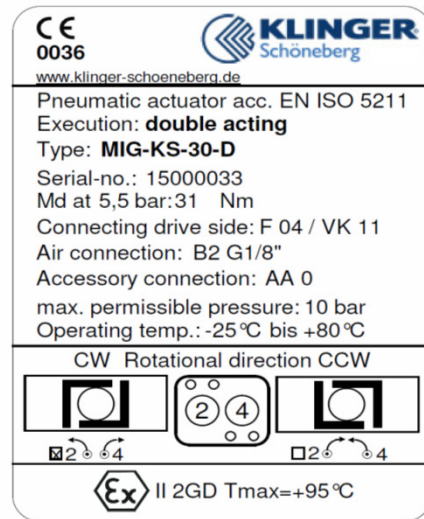
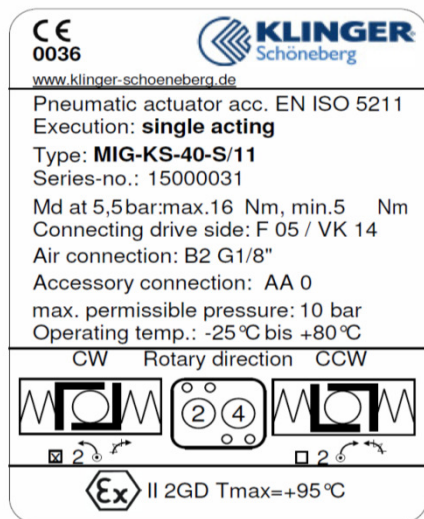
Each actuator is marked with a type label:


The type label on the actuator housing may not be covered over after assembly of the actuator on the fitting and after installation in the pipe section to ensure that the actuator remains identifiable.

Type plate



Single acting

Double acting





 Danger	<p>Exceeding the maximum pressure stated on the type label means a danger to subsequent operation.</p>
--	--

A5 Transport and (intermediate) storage


	<p>Actuators with additional electrical assemblies: In order to avoid corrosion damages to electrical components during storage, the unit should be stored at a constant room temperature.</p>
	<p>If an actuator is already assembled on the fitting: The transport advice and storage instructions in the fitting manual apply. In this case, the unit should be stored in closed rooms at a constant temperature.</p>

The following must be observed for proper transportation of an individually supplied actuator:

- ° Pay attention to the symbols on the packaging when transporting the parcels.
- ° Leave the actuator in the original packaging up until use (assembly on the fitting).
- ° Only place the actuator down on the flat side; any assembled accessories (e.g. solenoid valve/end switch) must be on the top or side.
- ° Protect the actuator against any dirt and moisture.
- ° If necessary, use retainer straps (and not chains) as transport aids.

	When hanging up a strap, make sure that it is not tied to the additional assembly. Protect the actuator against any damage during transportation.
	Only for special drives with installed (manual emergency actuation) gears: Due to the fact that the gears are generally heavier than the actuator, the retainer straps can also be attached to the gear housing (but not on the hand wheel!).



B Actuator attachment to the fitting and connection of additional assemblies

	This manual contains safety advice on foreseeable risks when assembling the actuator on a fitting. It is the responsibility of the user to supplement these instructions with other risks specific to the fitting. Observation of all requirements for this system is required.
---	---

The connection of any supplied electrical/electro-pneumatic additional assemblies is described in the supplied documents.

These documents are valid in addition to this manual.

B1 Safety advice for assembly and connection

	Assembly and pneumatic/electrical connection of an actuator to the operator's system(s) may only be carried out by qualified personnel. The word qualified, in terms of this manual, refers to persons who are familiar with pneumatic components due to their training, specialist knowledge and professional experience and who can correctly assess and correctly carry out the work given to them and who can identify possible dangers and address them. Knowledge of the typical properties of rotary actuators is also necessary for assembly and the assembly and connection should, if necessary, take place in consultation with qualified colleagues. Actuators are not "step ladders": external loads must be kept away from the fitting, actuator and supply lines.
 risk of crushing!	Commissioning the actuator, which is assembled on a fitting, is only permitted once the fitting is enclosed from both sides by a section of pipe or apparatus. Any actuation before this means a risk of crushing and the is exclusively the responsibility of the user.

B2 Interfaces

Compliance of the following interfaces must be ensured by the ordering party:

- a) Actuator/fitting flange connection: with dimensions according to ISO 5211 (actuator and/or fitting can have multiple drill holes!),
- b) Fitting/drill hole drive shaft, inner square in actuator
 - ▶ The shape (=square) must correspond
 - ▶ The fitting manufacturer must have specified the right dimensions and tolerances on the fitting shaft.
- c) If accessories (e.g. solenoid valve/end switch) have not be supplied by KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG, the ordering party must ensure compliance of the functions / interfaces of actuator accessories and VDI/VDE 3845 is definitive.

B3 Attachment of individually supplied actuators on the fitting


Put the actuator in the <CLOSED> or <OPEN> position - depending on the position of the fitting - using

- the (provisional) compressed air supply, attach the fitting and centre it.
The position of the actuator on the fitting can be freely chosen and determined on-site.
- The screw connection must be tightened so much that the torque is transferred via frictional resistance - refer to below table. Tighten the screws crosswise.


Flange size	F04	F05	F07	F10	F12	F14	F16
Torque with (Nm)	5-6 Nm	8-10 Nm	20-23 Nm	44-48 Nm	78-85 Nm	190-210 Nm	370-390 Nm

The position indicator must have been/be adjusted to suit the position of the fitting:

- ▶ Indicator transverse to the pipeline axis: fitting is closed,
- ▶ Indicator parallel to the pipeline axis: fitting is open,

 Danger	An incorrect position indication means a danger to subsequent operation.
---	--

B4 Connection to the compressed air supply

	At the beginning of assembly, make sure that the system data control pressure, control voltage and frequency correspond with the technical data for all assemblies, which are shown on the type labels of actuator and additional assemblies.
---	---

Non-binding recommendation for supply line cross-diameter:

Size MIG-KS-XX	30-D-S to 80-D-S	120-D-S to 150-D-S	200-D-S to 270-D-S	380-D-S to 510-D-S	740-D-S to 920-D-S	1300-D-S to 1600-D-S
Recommended supply line nominal width (up to 6m in length)	6 mm	6 mm	6 mm	8 mm	8 mm	10 mm
Possible stroke time	0.2 sec	0.3 sec	0.4 sec	0.5 sec	1.0 sec	1.0 sec

Advice:

The shortest possible switch time according to this table is a guide value for standard double action actuators without attached fittings and with optimum supply and removal of the control medium.

This value can extend after assembly of the actuator on the fitting.

Control diagrams for

- ▶ Double action actuators MIG-KS-xx-D are illustrated in figure 1
- ▶ And single action actuators with spring withdrawal MIG-xx-S in figure 2.

Refer to the solenoid valve instructions for additional details.

The connection diagrams according to VDI/VDE 3845 (Namur) are equipped with a G 1/4" thread.

Figure 1

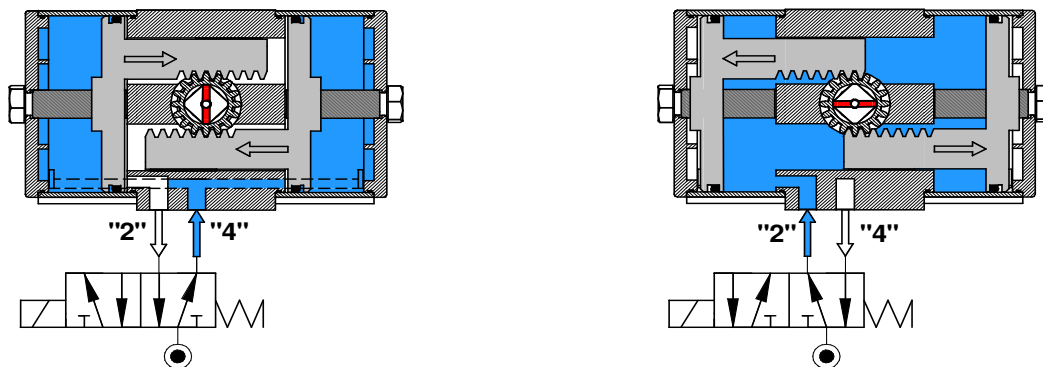
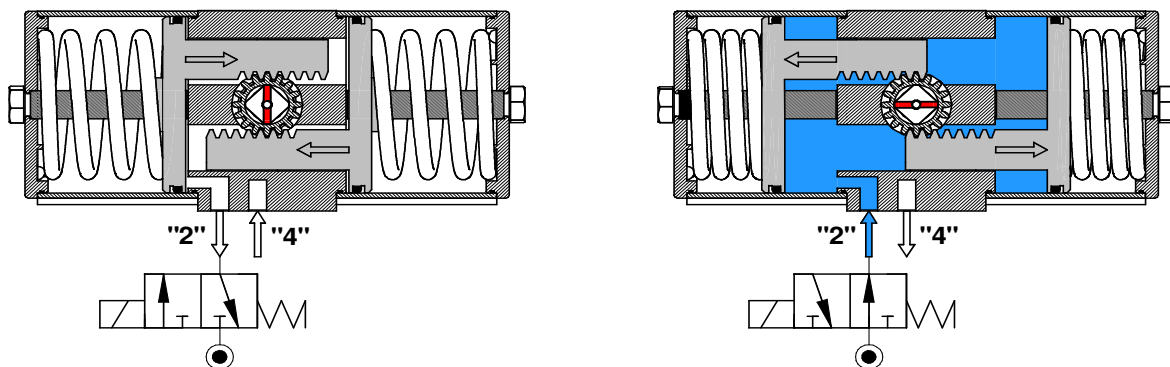



Figure 2



	<p>On the standard version actuator, the supply of control air through connection "2" must actuate in an anti-clockwise direction and supply through connection "4" in a clockwise direction.</p> <p>Spring withdrawing actuators can only be supplied through connection "2" - see figure 2</p>
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B5 As required: connection of electrical/pneumatic additional assemblies to the control

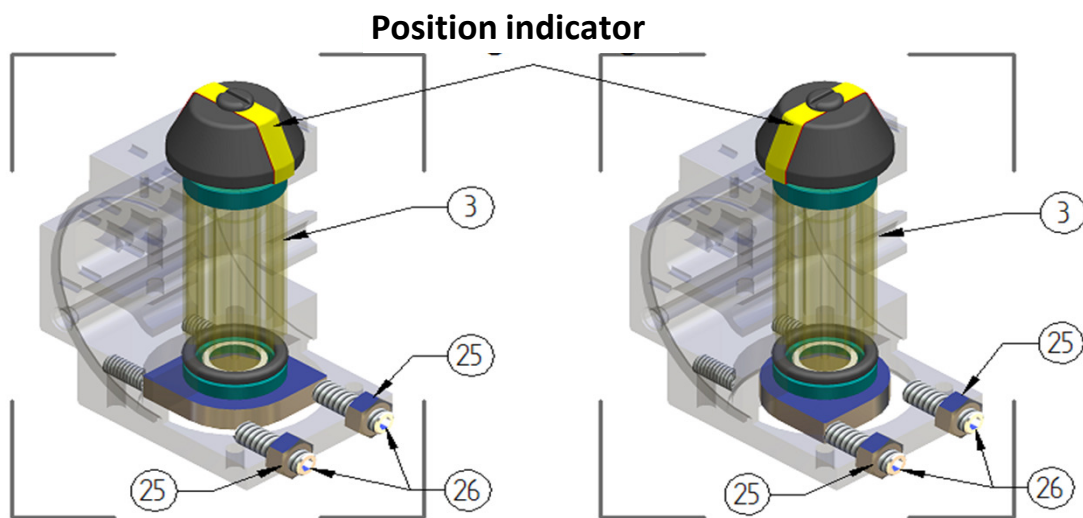
The supplied instruction(s) from the component manufacturer must be observed when connecting such assemblies.

B6 All actuators: adjustment of the basic setting

This section should only be used if the fitting manufacturer has not precisely adjusted the positions <CLOSED> and <OPEN>.

The end stop in the actuator is adjusted to the position <open/CLOSED> in the factory: if required: adjust the stop screws.

 Danger	The end positions should be set when without any pressure applied!
--	--




- ° Loosen both counter nuts (25) and unscrew the end stop screws (26) with three turns.
- ° Change the end positions by turning the drive shaft (3) until the visible indicator on the shaft corresponds with the end positions on the fitting.
- ° Screw in the end stop screws (26) on both sides until the resistance felt and then tighten the counter nuts (25).

B7 Test run: test steps to finish assembly and connection

In order to ensure the correct function of the actuators for automatic operation, the following must be checked after assembly

- Does the position indicator on the actuator and the position of the fitting correspond?
If not, the position of the indicator must be adjusted.

 Danger	An incorrect position response (and incorrect visual display) means a danger to subsequent operation.
--	---

- Is the "on-site" control pressure sufficient?
At least the control pressure, which corresponds with the initial pressure of the actuator, should exist directly on the solenoid valve to ensure "jerk-free" actuations by the fitting under operating conditions.

- Has the solenoid valve been correctly connected?
With the control pressure applied but loss of the control signal (check: e.g. pull the plug out), the fitting must drive to the position specified by the ordering party:

Actuator type	Type name	The fitting must be,
a double action	MIG-KS-xx-D	unless specified otherwise in the order: Driven to "CLOSED" position.
Spring closing	MIG-KS-xx-S	Driven to "CLOSED" position.
Spring opening	MIG-KS-xx-S	Driven to "OPEN" safety position.

If this is not right, the control and/or solenoid valve switching must be corrected accordingly. Remedy: see section C3: troubleshooting.

- Is the actuator/fitting connection tightened properly?
No relative movements between the fitting, assembly bridge (if available) and the pneumatic actuator should be able to be identified. Tighten all screws on the flange connection if necessary - refer to table in section B3.
- Testing the actuation function and indicator:
With the control pressure applied, the fitting must drive to the corresponding end position with the control commands "CLOSED" and "OPEN". The visual indicator on the actuator (and on the fitting if applicable) must show this correctly.
If this is not right, the control of the actuator and/or position of the indicator must be corrected accordingly.

(If assembly is available) check the electrical position response:

- The electrical signal display "OPEN" and "CLOSED" (in the system switch controls) should be compared with the visual indicator on the fitting. The signal and indicator must correspond.
If this is not right, the control and/or adjustment of the position alarm must be checked. The installation instructions from the component manufacturer must be observed.

B8 Extra info: dismantling the actuator

The same safety regulations as for the pipeline system, compressed air supply and (electrical/electro-pneumatic) control system must be observed.

Then proceed with the following steps:


- Mark the allocation of the actuator position to the fitting position document it for subsequent assembly.
- Safely disconnect the compressed air supply and depressurise the fitting if necessary.
- Disconnect the compressed air supply and control connections.
- Loosen the flange connection on the fitting/actuator and lift the actuator from the fitting.

C Operating Manual



The manufacturer must prepare a comprehensive risk analysis according to MRL 2006/42/EC.

KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG thereby provides the following document:

- This assembly and operating manual,
- The initially enclosed declaration on EC guidelines.


	<p>For industrial use, this manual contains safety advice on foreseeable risks when using the actuator.</p> <p>It is the responsibility of the user to supplement these instructions with other risks specific to the fitting.</p>
---	--

C1 Safety advice for operation

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The function of a pneumatic actuator assembled on a fitting must correspond with the <intended use> described in section A2. ◦ The conditions of use must match the mark on the actuator type label. <p>An actuator in the standard version should exclusively be operated within the approved temperature limits.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ All work on the actuator may only be carried out by qualified personnel. <p>The word qualified, in terms of this manual, refers to persons who, due to their training, knowledge and professional experience, can carry out the work given to them correctly, can identify possible dangers and address them.</p>
	<p>Actuation of the the actuator, which is assembled on a fitting, is only permitted as long as the fitting is enclosed from both sides by a section of pipe or apparatus.</p> <p>Any actuation before this means a risk of crushing and the</p> <p>risk of crushing! is exclusively the responsibility of the user.</p>

C2 Automatic mode/manual mode

If the actuator is correctly connected in accordance with section B, it runs automatically and is designed for permanent operation in accordance with EN15714-3, table 1.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The actuator requires a permanent supply of compressed air for a stable function in pneumatic operation. ◦ <Fail-safe> actuators drive the fitting into the determined CLOSED or OPEN position if the compressed air supply is interrupted (or switched off).
---	--

C3 Troubleshooting

The following safety advice for assembly and repair work should be observed before carrying out troubleshooting measures. Troubleshooting measures may only be carried out by trained personnel.

The tools used must correspond with the relevant regulations and be in perfect condition.

The responsible operating department must give approval (release) before rotary actuator is dismantled for troubleshooting.

The following troubleshooting table describes a selection of common causes of error and measures for rectification:

Error	Cause of error	Addressing the error
Rotary actuator does not react	Voltage supply for control solenoid valve cut off	Provide voltage supply; Function test
	Control medium supply cut off	Control medium supply reinstate; Function test
	Control pressure before actuator low	Check control pressure (adjust if necessary), Function test
	Solenoid valve defective	Release solenoid valve and replace or repair; Function test

Rotary actuator will not adjust to the Move	Stop screws end positions	Adjust the stop screws; Function test
	Fitting defective (jammed)	See "troubleshooting" from the fitting manufacturer

D Technical appendix/planning documents

Advice:

This appendix is not part of the <installation and assembly manual>; it only provides additional information.

The actuator must be adapted by the planned/ordering party to

- ▶ the fitting it is assembled on
- ▶ as well as the system's compressed air supply and the control system.

Important technical details are listed as follows.

D1 Standard version of actuators

D1-1 Adaptation to the fitting

Pneumatic rotary actuators type MIG-KS-xx-D (double action) and type MIG-KS-xx-S (with closing or opening spring) can be assembled on all fittings with a pivoting motion (90°), which have a setup flange according to EN ISO 5211.

D1-2 Initial actuator torque

The initial torques of rotary actuators stated in section D5 are nominal torques. They are achieved with a compressed air supply with nominal pressure of 5.5 bar.



The output torque changes with the control pressure currently affecting the actuator.

- ▶ Overpressures up to 10 bar are covered by the actuator design,
- ▶ Working pressures must be considered by the planner/ordering party when selecting the actuator size – see also D 1.4 below.

D1-3 Rotary direction of actuator

It is defined, in accordance with construction norm EN 15714-3, that the fitting closes in a clockwise direction. This must be realised on-site by correctly connecting the solenoid valve to the voltage supply and control – see also section B4 – the solenoid valve documentation must provide the necessary information.

D1-4 Fitting allocation

The fundamental influential factors for the necessary actuation torque are determined by the fitting (nominal width), operating pressure and the medium. The necessary actuation torque results for the fitting, under consideration of these parameters, which is to be specified by the fitting manufacturer. It is advisable to add a safety margin to this value for designing the actuator.

D1-5 Self-disabling at standstill


- ▶ All double action rotary actuators only have a self-disabling function with a control pressure applied
- ▶ and all <fail-safe> actuators with springs in the end positions of the actuator torque according to the technical data in section D3.

The hydraulic torque of the medium generally cannot influence the position of the shut-off unit.

D1-6 Permanent hold

The design of the actuator according to EN 15714-3, table 1, is the specification for the type test of the actuator in permanent testing at 30% of the nominal power under laboratory conditions.

It depends on the operating conditions - especially the pressure and cleanliness of compressed air - whether and when actuator maintenance is required:

	<p>It is generally the case that the maintenance interval of an actuator is considerably longer than the maintenance intervals of the fitting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ If maintenance takes place for the fitting, the correct function of the actuator should at least be checked and ensured.
---	---

D1-7 Manual emergency actuation

A manual emergency actuation with additional gears with freewheel is not a standard for pneumatic actuators.

D1-8 Installation position

The installation position of the fitting/rotary actuator can be freely chosen.

- ▶ Arrangement above the fitting is the usual position for an actuator
- ▶ The construction of the fitting may restrict the possible installation positions
- ▶ With a horizontal position of the fitting shaft on an actuator with additional manual gears, the system planner or fitting manufacturer must decide whether an actuator exercises an unauthorised torsional torque on the fitting and/or pipeline and whether it needs support.

D1-9 Corrosion protection

In accordance with the norm EN 15714-3 for pneumatic actuators, this corresponds with corrosion category C4.

D2 Optional additional equipment

D2-1 Solenoid valve

A solenoid valve can be supplied on customer request and directly attached - the brand, voltage and current (DC or AC) must be specified for the valve.

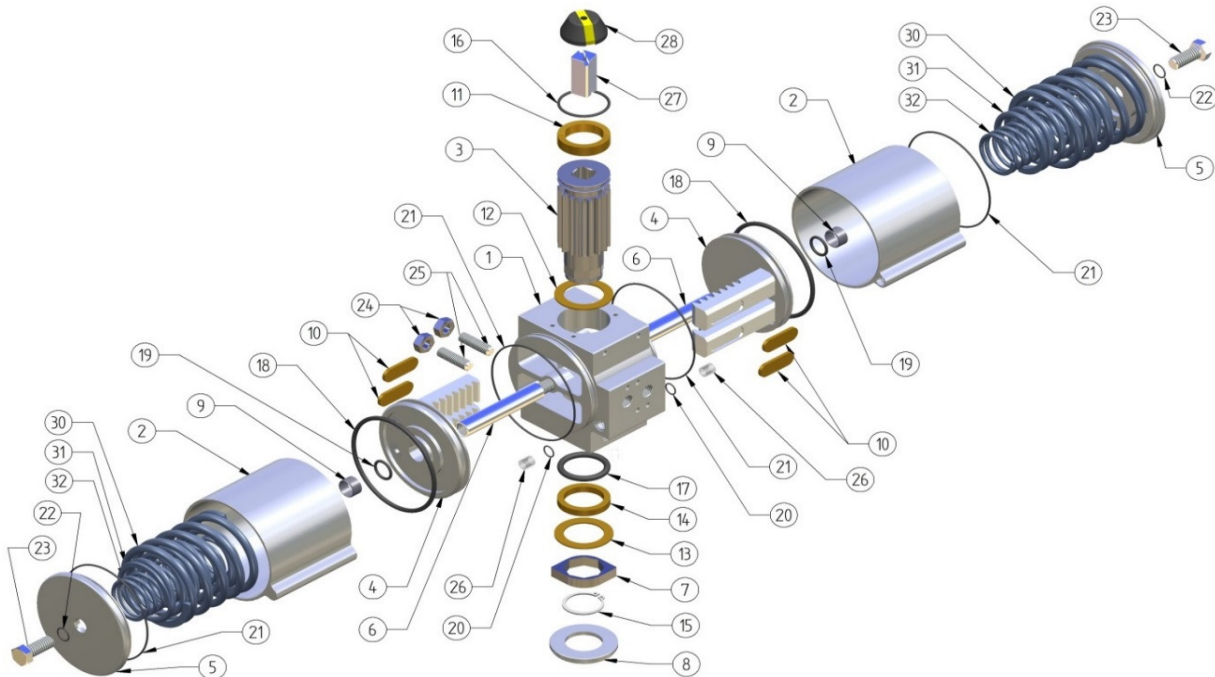
D2-2 End switches (for position report)

2 (or more) end switches can be supplied on customer request for the response of "OPEN" and "CLOSED" and directly attached – the brand, voltage and current (DC or AC) must be specified for the end switches.

D2-3 Manual emergency actuation (with additional gears)

Additional gears for manual actuation of the rotary actuator can be attached on customer request.

D3 Components and recommended spare parts





Pos.	Qty.	Part
1	1	Body
2	2	Cylinder pipe
3	1	Shaft
4	2	Piston
5	2	End cap
6	2	Guide bar
7	1	Stopper
8*	1	Centring disc DIN/ISO 5211
9*	2	Sliding bearing (piston inside)
10*	4	Guide bearing (piston/gear rack outside)
11*	2	Sliding bearing shell (shaft at top)
12*	1	Start-up disc (shaft at top)
13*	1	Start-up disc (shaft at bottom)
14*	1	Sliding bearing (shaft at bottom)
15*	1	Retainer ring (shaft at bottom)
16*	1	O-ring (shaft at top)
* Spare parts recommended for maintenance		

Pos.	Qty.	Part
17*	1	O-ring (shaft at bottom)
18*	2	O-ring (piston outside)
19*	2	O-ring (piston inside)
20*	2	O-ring (fixing sleeve)
21*	4	O-ring (end cap/housing outside)
22*	2	O-ring (end cap central)
23	2	Hexagonal bolt
24	2 (4)	Counter nut
25	2 (4)	Threaded pin (grub screw)
26	2	Fixing sleeve
27	1	VDI-VDE tappet
28	1	Visual display
30	2	Pressure spring (outside)
31	2	Pressure spring (central)
32	2	Pressure spring (inside)

D4 Advice on risks involved with permanent operation

- The actuator is designed for permanent operation, based on EN15714-3, table 1.
- The actuator is screw connected with the fitting in the interface according to ISO5211. Section B2 contains the necessary torque of the screw connection.
Actuators with a higher actuation frequency should be monitored at appropriate intervals (when maintaining the fitting at the latest) by visual inspection for a tight fit and tightened accordingly if required.
- The actuator is designed for actuation with compressed air according to section 1 <intended use>.

	The actuator shaft interface for the fitting must be adapted by the fitting manufacturer according to the specifications of EN 5211 in the choice of material and production tolerances to the frequency of switching cycles:
	The <CLOSED> position of the fitting is generally adjusted when assembling the actuator. This setting should not be changed as long as the fitting is tight. If adjustment is necessary, the assembly manual xxx section B6 and/or the corresponding fitting manual provides accurate information.

D5 Advice on other risks

- Securing the pre-tensed springs:
The type MIG-xx-S spring packages are secured, pre-tensed, with end caps with long fixing screws. It is essential that the springs are not subject to any corrosive control medium.
- Replacement of spring packages:
If necessary, spring packages of type MIG-KS-xx-S can be replaced if required due to the fitting torque requirements.
- Mechanical loads:
 - ▶ Actuators are not "step ladders": external loads must be kept away from the fitting.
 - ▶ The actuator is designed for static loads in the pipe system. Risks due to loads caused by vibrations in the system are not covered: permanent securing of screw connections on the actuator must be coordinated with the manufacturer KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG GmbH in such cases.

Declaration according to MRL (voluntary addition)

The manufacturer **KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG GmbH**
Heidelberger Straße 3
76676 Graben-Neudorf

declares that the pneumatic rotary actuators correspond with EC guidelines

Type MIG-KS-xx-D double action

Type MIG-KS-xx-S single action

are manufactured according to the following norms:

DIN EN ISO 5211	Connections of rotary actuators to fittings
DIN EN 15081	Assembly sets for connections of rotary actuators to fittings
VDI / VDE 3845	Control element connection point
EN 12100	Safety of machines
ISO 8573-1 class 3 and 5	Quality of compressed air

Product documents are available as follows:

Technical data sheets, xxxxxx

These products correspond with the following specified guidelines:

Machinery directive 2006/42 EC (MRL) [only applies in combination with a fitting.]

1. The products are a "component or partial machine" in terms of Art 2 g) of this guideline
2. The table overleaf lists whether and how requirements of this guideline should be fulfilled
3. This declaration is the assembly declaration in terms of this guideline

The following applies to compliance with the above-mentioned guidelines:

1. The user must comply with the <intended use> defined in the "installation and assembly manual" supplied with the delivery (xxxMRLxxxx).
Failure to observe this manual can - in relevant cases - release the manufacturer from product liability.
2. Commissioning the fitting (and the attached actuator if necessary) is not permitted until the conformity of the system in which the fitting is installed is declared by the responsible person with all of the applicable above-mentioned EC guidelines.
A separate declaration is supplied for the above-mentioned actuator.
3. The manufacturer MIG GmbH has carried out and documented the necessary risk analyses.
The commissioned employee for this available documentation is the QM officer at MIG GmbH.

Graben-Neudorf, on _____

The manufacturer	KLINGER SCHÖNEBERG GmbH, Heidleberger Straße 3, 76676 Graben-Neudorf
declares that the pneumatic actuators MIG-KS-D/S correspond with the following regulations:	
Requirements according to appendix I of the machinery directive 2006/42/EC	
1.1.1, g) Intended use	Refer to operating manual
1.1.2.,c) Warnings for incorrect use	Refer to operating manual
1.1.2.,c) Necessary safety equipment	Same as the pipe section in which the fitting is installed
1.1.2.,e) Accessories	No special tools for replacement of expendable parts necessary
1.1.3 Parts in contact with media	The material of parts in contact with media have been coordinated in advance of the delivery and are specified in both the type data sheet and in the MIG GmbH order confirmation. Performance of a corresponding risk analysis for resistance to the operating medium by the user is required.
1.1.5 Handling	Fulfilled by advice in the installation manual
1.2 and 1.2.11 control	at the responsibility of the user in consultation with the actuator installation manual
1.3.2 Breakage risk prevention	For function parts: ensured by intended use of the actuators
1.3.4 Sharp corners and edges	Requirements fulfilled
1.3.7/8 Injury due to moving parts	Requirement fulfilled with intended use. Maintenance and repair are only permitted with the actuator disabled and with the power supply to the actuator switched off
1.5.1-1.5.3 Power supply	Responsibility of the user - also refer to the installation manual for the actuator
1.5.5 Operating temperature	Warning advice against unauthorised excess: see operating manual, section <intended use>
1.5.7 Explosion	Explosion protection is necessary. Must be explicitly agreed in the purchase contract. In this case: Only for use as marked on the actuator.
1.5.13 Emission of dangerous substances	Not applicable
1.6.1 Maintenance	Refer to operating manual
1.7.3 Identification	See manufacturer documentation
1.7.4 Operating manual	This installation manual also contains advice on operating the actuator Necessary supplements for the operating manual for the <full machine> are the responsibility of the planner/user.
Appendix III	The actuator is not a <complete machine>: Therefore no CE mark for conformity with the machinery directive
Appendices IV, VIII-XI	Not applicable
According to EN 12100	
1. Area of application	The basis is decades of experience in the use of the actuator construction types stated on page 1. Note: It is essential for the user of the pipeline section, including the fittings used performs a customised risk analysis for the specific type of operation according to sections 4 to 6 of EN 12100 - it is not possible for the manufacturer Klöpper Schöneberg to do so.
3.20,6.1 Inherently safe construction	The actuators are designed according to the principle of <inherently safe construction>
Analysis according to sections 4, 5, & 6	Experiences with the malfunctions and misuse documented by the manufacturer within the scope of cases of damage (doc no. ISO9001) have been used as a basis
5.3 Machine limits	Demarcation of the <incomplete machine> has been undertaken according to the <intended use> of the actuator.
5.4 Decommissioning and disposal	Not within the scope of responsibility of MIG GmbH.
6.2.2 Geometric factors	Due to the fact that the fitting & actuator cover the functional parts when used as intended this section is not applicable.
6.3 Technical protective equipment	Only required for accessories if applicable.
6.4.5 Operating manual	Due to the fact that fittings with an actuator work "automatically" according to the control commands, the aspects that are <typical to the actuator> are described in the operating manual and need to be provided to the manufacturer of the (pipeline) system
Risk analysis	The performed risk analysis according to MRL appendix VII, B) has been carried out by the manufacturer MIG GmbH and documented according to MRL appendix VII,B).